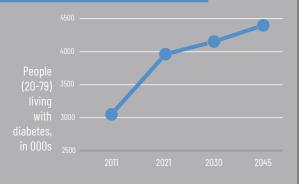


## **DIABETES PREVALENCE**



Ut which, undiagnosed 23% (921,100 people)

Children & adolescents with T1D (0-19y) 31,623



Source: IDF Diabetes Atlas 10th edition 2021

In the UK, insulin and other diabetes medicines are available free of charge for all people living with diabetes (PwD). Supplies and technology for blood glucose monitoring and insulin administration are available at no cost for all PwD, except for connected/smart pens, insulin pumps, automated delivery systems and continuous glucose monitors (CGMs) which are free of charge only for people living with type 1 diabetes (T1D) and type 2 diabetes (T2D) on multiple daily injections insulin therapy.

United

Kingdom

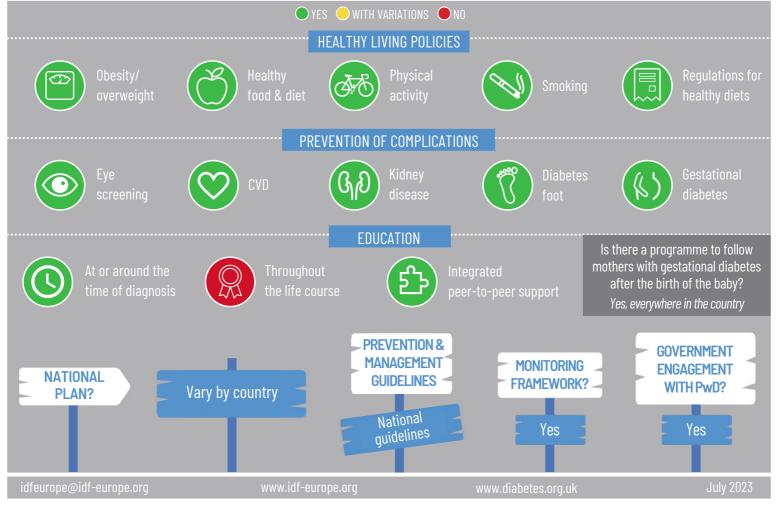
Whether national diabetes plans and registers are in place varies by country. In Scotland, a stand-alone diabetes plan, a diabetes register and national guidelines are in place. In England and Wales, data on PwD is available on about 98% of the population, but there is no current national diabetes plan. Northern Ireland does not have a diabetes register nor a national diabetes plan, although a diabetes care pathway is established. Healthy living policies are implemented everywhere across the UK.

Screening for all diabetes-related complications is available throughout the UK and is recommended on an annual or biennial basis. Despite this, screening is not consistently carried out.

Structured diabetes education is normally integrated with peer-to-peer support and is available for all PwD but is not always offered to them and the attendance rate remains low.

Nurses play a role in the prevention and management of diabetes for all PwD. Upon completion of relevant courses and assessments, nurses are allowed to prescribe diabetes medicines.

## **DIABETES PREVENTION & MANAGEMENT**



## ACCESS TO CARE, TECHNOLOGIES, MEDICINES AND SUPPLIES

